## CLAIMS

- 1. sheet identifiable by near infrared which includes at spectroscopy, least one radiation in the near 5 component sensitive to infrared, and qualifiable and/or quantifiable by infrared spectroscopy using a specific calibration.
- 10 2. The sheet as claimed in the preceding claim, characterized in that it includes said NIR component in one or more predetermined quantities, said NIR component being a marker having specific absorption properties in the near infrared.

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- 3. The sheet as claimed in either of the preceding claims, characterized in that it includes at least different NIR components sensitive radiation in the near infrared, said components 20 being present in respective amounts and in a ratio that their respective spectroscopic properties in the near infrared are concealed within the spectrum of said sheet obtained by spectroscopy in the near infrared, said components 25 being qualifiable and/or quantifiable using said calibration, especially by their respective and/or ratio and/or respective quantities relative distributions.
- 30 4. The sheet as claimed in one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that said NIR components are chosen from the usual pigment fillers used in cellulose or synthetic paper, preferably from silica oxides, in particular talc or kaolin, from carbonates and from synthetic organic polymers or blends thereof.
  - 5. The sheet as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the sheet is a

fibrous sheet based on cotton and/or cellulose and/or synthetic fibers.

- 6. The sheet as claimed in the preceding claim, characterized in that said sheet is a sheet of paper.
- 7. The sheet as claimed in one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the sheet is a nonfibrous sheet or plastic film, particularly based on one or more polyolefins.
- 8. The sheet as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that at least one of said
  NIR components is at least partly integrated into said sheet.
- The sheet as claimed in the preceding claim, characterized in that said NIR component is integrated within the thickness with the base compounds of said sheet.
- 10. The sheet as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that said NIR component is fixed by chemical bonding to a base compound of said sheet.
- 11. The sheet as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that at least one of said NIR components is placed in and/or on a so-called security element, such as a thread, a strip or a fiber, and said element is at least partly integrated into the sheet.
- 35 12. The sheet as claimed in claims 5 and 10 or claim 11, characterized in that said NIR component is fixed by chemical bonding to one or more cotton fibers.

13. The sheet as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the sheet includes a "variable distribution" region within which at least one NIR component sensitive to near infrared is distributed in a variable manner.

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- 14. The sheet as claimed in claim 13, characterized in that said region is a watermarked region or a region associated with the nonuniformity of formation of the sheet.
- 15. The sheet as claimed in either of claims 13 and 14, characterized in that said variable distribution region is in the form of a code.

16. The sheet as claimed in claim 15, characterized in that said code is in the form of a pattern with an alternation of regions of reduced thickness and regions of thickness greater than or equal to the thickness of the rest of the sheet, especially a

- watermarked barcode.
- 17. A security document, characterized in that it comprises a sheet as claimed in one of the preceding claims.
  - 18. The document as claimed in the preceding claim, characterized in that it is a banknote.
- 30 19. A method of authenticating a sheet as described in claims 1 to 16 that includes at least one NIR component sensitive in the near infrared, preferably at least two NIR components, in which method:
- 35 at least one region of said sheet that includes said NIR component(s) is exposed to radiation emitted in the near infrared;
  - the spectral data thus acquired is recorded;

- said NIR component(s) is qualified and/or quantified by analyzing the near infrared spectrum thus obtained using a specific calibration held secret and rigorously preestablished on the basis of measurements carried out for sheets that include said NIR component or, as the case may be, various mixtures of said NIR components, which are fully defined by their quantities and/or ratios;

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- the data resulting from the spectroscopic analysis thus determined is compared with the original data stored in a database; and
- the authenticity of said sheet is validated if the data resulting from the analysis is equal to the original data.

20. The authentication method as claimed in claim 19, characterized in that the spectral data is acquired and analyzed by Fourier transform near infrared spectroscopy.

- 21. The authentication method as claimed in either of claims 19 and 20 and for a sheet that includes a variable distribution region as described in claims 13 to 16, said region exposed to the near infrared radiation being this region.
- 22. The authentication method as claimed in claim 21, characterized in that the spectral data from said variable distribution region is acquired by transmission or by transreflection.
- 23. The method as claimed in either of claims 21 and 22, characterized in that the spectroscopic image in the near infrared of said variable distribution region is reconstructed using suitable software from the data resulting from the spectroscopic analysis and this image is compared with the original image of said region stored in a database so as to validate the authenticity of the sheet.

24. The method as claimed in one of claims 21 to 23, characterized in that said variable distribution region of the sheet is a watermarked region, in particular a watermark in the form of a barcode.

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- 25. The method as claimed in one of claims 21 to 23, characterized in that said variable distribution region is a region associated with the nonuniformity of formation of the sheet, said region being identified with or corresponding to the entire sheet.
- 26. The authentication method as claimed in one of claims 19 to 25, applied to the authentication of the documents described in either of claims 17 and 18.